

Specialist Mental Health & Addiction Services

Level 3, 44 Taharoto Road Private Bag 93-503, Takapuna

Auckland 0622

Telephone: (09) 487-1500 Freephone: 0800 80 9342 Facsimile: (09) 487-1333

Visit: www.waitematadhb.govt.nz

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Dear

Re: OIA request - Mental health prescriptions, finance, admissions and complaints

Thank you for your Official Information Act request received 6 October 2020 seeking the following information from Waitematā District Health Board (DHB):

- 1. The number of anti-depressant prescriptions handed out at the DHB each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB.
 - a. The number of people prescribed anti-depressants under the DHB each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB.
- The number of anti-psychotic prescriptions handed out at the DHB each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB.
 - a. The number of people prescribed anti-psychotic prescriptions under the DHB each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB.
- 3. The number of admissions to the adult mental health inpatient unit each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB.
- 4. The total amount of DHB funds allocated to the adult mental health inpatient each year for the last five years (January December 2016 to January 2020 YTD), with brief detail of what the money was being spent on each year.
- 5. The number of complaints relating to mental health care each year for the last five years (January - December 2016 to January 2020 - YTD), with a brief description of each complaint. Also a breakdown of the number of these complaints that were investigated.

We contacted you on 7 October 2020 to clarify your request. You responded the same day to confirm that you were seeking the following information:

• Regarding Question 1: the difference between the medication prescribed and the medication administered in hospital.

• Regarding Questions 3, 4 and 5: that the questions relate to all mental health services broken down by CADS, Forensics, Child and Youth and Community (if names differ at each DHB please specify).

Before responding to your specific questions, it may help to provide some context about our mental health services.

Our Specialist Mental Health and Addiction Service is the largest of its kind in the country, by volume of service-users seen. It comprises Adult Mental Health Services, Child Youth and Family Mental Health Services, Mental Health Services for Older Adults, Asian Mental Health Services, Takanga a Fohe (Pasifika Mental Health and Addictions), Whītiki Maurea (Māori Mental Health and Addiction Services) and Community Alcohol and Drug Services (CADS).

All of our addiction services are operated on behalf of the three metro-Auckland DHBs from Mercer to Wellsford. Waitematā DHB also operates the Regional Forensic Psychiatry Service, also known as the Mason Clinic, for the Northern Region DHBs from the Bombay Hills to the top of the North Island.

Because of this, caution is advised in comparing raw data between different district health boards unless it is clear the breadth of service-delivery and clinical caseload is of similar complexity.

In response to your questions below, which incorporate the clarifications outlined, we can provide the following information:

Following clarification we have interpreted Question 1 and 1a as:

1. What is the difference between the number of <u>anti-depressant</u> medications prescribed and the number administered in your mental health and addiction hospital units, each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB?

Please note that the information about medications provided in the responses to Questions 1 and 2 has been extracted from electronic medication chart records (in the form of the proprietary program 'Medchart') for the specified Waitematā DHB inpatient mental health hospitals for the past five years.

In the case of the medical detoxification inpatient unit (Pitman House), this data is limited to 2018 onward because the Medchart system was not implemented at Pitman House until this time.

Prior to this implementation, hard copy medication charts were in place for all prescribing and administration activities at the Pitman site. Obtaining information comparable to that provided by Medchart would require considerable staffing and time resource in order to audit pre-2018 paper-based medication records.

Due to the sensitivity of the information, frontline clinical staff would need to review individual patient files and it would not be appropriate to use a contractor to review the records. This would take the frontline staff away from their clinical work and prejudice our ability to provide core clinical services.

We have considered whether charging or extending the timeframe for responding to this aspect of your request would assist us in managing this work and have concluded it would not. Therefore, we have determined to refuse this element of your request, for records from 2016

and 2017 for the medical detoxification inpatient unit Pitman House, under Section 18(f) of the Official Information Act due to substantial collation and research.

You have the right to seek an investigation and review by the Ombudsman of this decision. Information about how to make a complaint is available at www.ombudsman.parliament.nz or freephone 0800 802 602.

However, all other information is provided below. With regard to the data presented, the term 'difference' is the discrepancy between total doses of anti-depressant or anti-psychotic medications prescribed for the years requested and the total number of doses actually administered.

This difference comprises the sum total of Medchart codes 'missed', 'delayed', 'not taken', and 'withheld' which are entered by staff into Medchart at the time administration was due. These codes account for the variety of reasons as to why a prescribed dose of anti-depressant/anti-psychotic may not have been administered at the prescribed time.

The higher number of differences in doses prescribed vs total doses administered for some of the units shown below may be due to the length of time some service-users are admitted to inpatient units, particularly the Mason Clinic. It is possible for a single service-user to skew the data if a number of doses were missed by that person. This might happen in the following situations (note this list is not exhaustive):

- The person refused medication; medication may have been withheld for medical reasons (e.g. the person's physical health condition may have temporarily meant it was unsafe to administer a particular medication at that time); or medication may have been delayed due to the person being on leave from the ward.
- If a service-user refuses medication for an extended period of time, this would be left as charted as it was 'recommended' by the individual's clinical team that they receive the medication, despite refusal. The medication may later be discontinued, or the service-user discharged, thereby bringing the yearly numbers back to baseline.

Whenever medication is not given as charted, an explanation is provided in the person's clinical notes as well as a notation being made on Medchart. Nursing staff will either refer to the specific care plan for missed doses or advise the senior nurse. If during monitoring there are any concerns that missed doses may lead, or have led, to increased symptomatology, side-effects or distress, there will be a consultation with the responsible clinician or on-call medical officer. An assessment may be requested at this point.

It should be noted that data has been extracted from Medchart when considering 'anti-depressant' or 'anti-psychotic' each as a medication class. However, it is not possible to infer the indication for prescription from the type of medication alone, as anti-depressant and anti-psychotic medications may be licensed for uses other than depression or psychosis, as there are a number of common uses of these medications.

All prescription and administration data presented is based on doses of medication that have been prescribed on a regular schedule.

For the purposes of answering questions 1 and 2, it is not possible to calculate a discrepancy between prescribed medication and administered doses of medication that have been prescribed on an 'as-required' (also known as prn) basis. This is because 'as-required' medication is not given on a fixed schedule where an expected number of doses can be calculated.

Number of <u>anti-depressant</u> medications prescribed and the number administered in						
mental health and addiction inpatient units Inpatient unit Total doses of anti- Difference						
Year	depressant	depressant	(Total doses			
· cui	prescribed across all	administered	prescribed vs. total			
	service-users		doses administered)			
Kingsley Mortimer Unit						
2016	4590	4427	163			
2017	5184	4884	300			
2018	5748	5461	287			
2019	4515	4350	165			
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	5036	4846	190			
Mason Clinic						
2016	1731	1690	41			
2017	3891	3786	105			
2018	6215	5975	240			
2019	7823	7782	41			
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	6374	6320	54			
Medical Detox IPU*						
2018	646	640	6			
2019	1698	1680	18			
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	1062	1052	10			
Waiatarau Unit						
2016	2709	2387	322			
2017	3050	2703	347			
2018	2784	2543	241			
2019	2656	2416	240			
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	1839	1728	111			
He Puna Waiora						
2016	3074	2797	277			
2017	3918	3663	255			
2018	3568	3283	285			
2019	4992	4608	384			
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	3583	3504	79			

^{*}Data provided from 2018 when electronic charting started for medical detox inpatient unit, Pitman House.

Following clarification, we have interpreted Question 2 and 2a as:

2. What is the difference between the number <u>anti-psychotic</u> medications prescribed and the number administered in your mental health and addiction hospital units, each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB?

Number of <u>anti-psychotic</u> medications prescribed and the number administered in mental health and addiction inpatient units					
Inpatient unit Year	Total doses of anti- psychotic prescribed psychotic across all service- users Total doses of anti- psychotic administered		Difference (Total doses prescribed vs. total doses administered)		
Kingsley Mortimer Unit	users		uoses autimistereuj		
2016	8263	7983	280		
2017	6974	6563	411		
2018	7551	7239	312		
2019	7176	6908	268		
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	5242	5114	128		
Mason Clinic					
2016	32950	32281	669		
2017	49349	48470	879		
2018	59003	57980	1023		
2019	59101	58099	1002		
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	48668	47737	931		
Medical Detox IPU*					
2018	255	244	11		
2019	774	759	15		
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	516	496	20		
Waiatarau Unit					
2016	13986	12696	1290		
2017	14198	12900	1298		
2018	14381	13045	1336		
2019	16826	15669	1157		
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	13461	12788	673		
He Puna Waiora					
2016	15875	14295	1580		
2017	17403	15964	1439		
2018	18958	17407	1551		
2019	21176	19683	1493		
2020 (up to 30 Sep)	13647	13194	453		

^{*}Data provided from 2018 when electronic charting started for medical detox inpatient unit, Pitman House.

Following clarification, we have interpreted the remainder of your questions as relating to all mental health and addiction services as your clarification requested information broken down by CADS, Forensics, Child and Youth and Community mental health services.

The number of admissions to the mental health and addiction inpatient units each year for the last five years (January to December 2016 to January 2020 to YTD), broken down by each hospital if more than one under the DHB.

Waitematā DHB mental health and addiction inpatient unit admissions						
Number of admissions*	Kingsley Mortimer Unit	Mason Clinic	Medical Detox IPU	Waiatarau Unit	He Puna Waiora	
2016	165	135	530	620	561	
2017	142	120	518	636	578	
2018	186	115	479	619	634	
2019	191	108	481	618	629	
2020						
(to 30 Sept)	126	90	286	425	425	

^{*}The number of admissions may be influenced by the level of complexity of inpatient needs.

4. The total amount of DHB funds allocated to mental health services (including inpatient and community services) each year for the last five years (January - December 2016 to January 2020 - YTD), with brief detail of what the money was being spent on each year.

The DHB allocates funds through its budget process, so this budget data is presented below by financial year, as per the budgeting cycle.

Funds allocated to Waitematā DHB mental health services						
	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	
Community Alcohol and Drug Services (CADS) (Auckland region)	19,408,678	19,661,865	19,924,992	21,639,542	22,801,052	
Adult Mental Health Services	41,733,992	40,343,411	43,288,496	45,305,280	49,648,312	
Child Youth and Family Mental Health Services	11,795,741	12,937,849	14,225,311	14,849,693	15,623,282	
Regional Forensic Psychiatry Services (Northern region)	41,538,429	42,057,317	44,883,597	49,175,970	51,993,923	
Whitiki Maurea (Māori Mental Health and Addictions Services)	4,135,027	4,133,085	4,518,939	4,743,654	5,059,535	
Takanga a Fohe (Pacific Mental Health and Addictions Services)	3,931,732	3,746,815	3,901,866	4,297,755	4,247,018	
Mental Health Services for Older Adults	9,743,711	9,856,179	10,135,676	10,553,003	11,621,200	
Asian Mental Health Services	456,878	450,124	452,595	476,048	483,858	
Total	122,543,599	122,880,342	130,743,201	140,011,894	149,373,122	

Note: Waitematā DHB operates regional addictions and forensic services. Regional addictions services include Whitiki Maurea, Takanga a Fohe and CADS.

5. The number of complaints relating to mental health and addictions care each year for the last five years (January - December 2016 to January 2020 - YTD), with a brief description of each complaint. Also a breakdown of the number of these complaints that were investigated. At Waitematā DHB, all complaints are investigated and responded to, as complaints are a valuable source of feedback about performance. The table below shows the complaints as categorised by our Feedback team.

A complaint may appear in more than one category; therefore, category totals are higher than the number of complaints received. We have divided the complaints in to:

- 1. Services provided for people within the Waitematā DHB catchment and
- 2. Regional services as follows:
 - Forensics provided on behalf of the Northern Region DHBs: Northland,
 Waitematā, Counties Manukau and Auckland.
 - Addictions provided on behalf of the metro-Auckland DHBs:
 Waitemata, Counties Manukau and Auckland.

1. Waitematā DHB mental health complaints					
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (to 30 Sept)
Total complaints*	142	171	151	154	94
Complaint categories:					
Access to a service	4	5	9	10	4
Clinical care	65	62	39	51	19
Communication with staff	57	118	148	134	82
Continuity and transition of care	9	3	4	3	7
Coordination and integration of					
care	1	1	4	5	1
Environment	3	5	20	21	5
Financial and legal	0	0	1	0	1
Involvement of friends and family					
in clinical care	4	1	0	1	4
Loss of property	0	4	2	1	3

^{*} Each complaint may be counted in more than one category.

2. Regional forensics and addictons services complaints						
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (to 30 Sept)	
Total complaints*	43	67	67	56	31	
Complaint categories:						
Access to a service	0	3	9	2	0	
Clinical care	24	24	14	23	6	
Communication with staff	15	41	57	43	27	
Continuity and transition of care	0	3	4	3	0	
Coordination and integration of care	0	0	1	1	1	
Environment	1	1	15	11	4	
Financial and legal	0	0	0	0	1	
Involvement of friends and family in clinical care	3	1	0	1	0	
Loss of property	0	3	2	1	0	

^{*} Each complaint may be counted in more than one category.

I trust that this information is helpful.

Waitematā DHB supports the open disclosure of information to assist community understanding of how we are delivering publicly funded healthcare. This includes the proactive publication of anonymised Official Information Act responses on our website from 10 working days after they have been released.

If you consider there are good reasons why this response should not be made publicly available, we will be happy to consider your views.

Yours sincerely

Dr Murray Patton Clinical Director

Specialist Mental Health and Addiction Service

Waitematā District Health Board